DEPARTMENT OF BIOSCIENCES MSc BIOTECHNOLOGY

BTS 503 IMMUNOTECHNOLOGY (SOFT CORE COURSE)

Hours: 40

Course outcome

Students will be able to:

- Understand the structure, components and functioning of the immune system, including toxins and toxin resistance
- Understand the molecules related to immune system such as immunoglobulins, antigens and the genes associated with diversity and specificity, tissue histocompatibility
- Learn reactions and concepts and various techniques associated with immunoglobulins such as in diagnostics and research, vaccine development etc.
- Learn about advances in the field for application in therapeutics

UNIT I (13 hrs)

History and scope of immunology. Types of immunity – humoral and cell-mediated. Innate and adaptive immunity. Specificity and memory. Primary and secondary lymphoid organs; immunization. Cells involved in immune response-T-cells, B-cells. Clonal selection theory. Lymphocyte activation, clonal proliferation, differentiation. Effector mechanisms in immunity-macrophage activation. Lymphokines – Interleukins and their role in immune regulation. Toxin and Toxin resistance.

UNIT II (13 hrs)

Antigens and haptens, determinants; types of immunoglobulins: structure, distribution and function. Antigen-antibody reactions — Antigen equilibrium, dialysis, precipitation reactions, immunodiffusion. Affinity and Avidity. Immunization and antibody response. Antibody diversity - V, D, J, gene segments and DNA rearrangements, molecular biology of antibody synthesis. Complement system. Human and mouse, MHC, Transplantation immunology. HLA in human health and disease HLA tissue typing. Immune-suppression in transplantation.

UNIT III (14hrs)

Hypersensitivity reaction, treatment approaches. Immunological tolerance. Autoimmune diseases. Thyrotoxicosis, Systemic Lupus Erythematosus, Antinuclear antibodies. Tumor immunology — tumor antigens, immunosurveillance, immunological escape. Immune deficiency diseases — AIDS; Immunological tolerance. Production, purification and characterization of monoclonal antibodies. Polyclonal antibodies versus monoclonal antibodies. T-cell cloning and their applications. ELISA, RIA, Western blotting, Fluorescent techniques, Fluorescent activated cell sorter (FACS). Concepts in vaccine development. Types of vaccines. Immunotherapeutic approaches to disease treatment-immunotoxins, Lymphokine- activated killer cells.

References

- 1. Cellular and Molecular Immunology. Abbas, A.K. et al., Elsevier Saunders Co., 2015
- 2. Essential Immunology. Riott, I.M., Blackwell Scientific Publications, 1994
- 3. Handbook of Experiments in Immunology, Vol. 1 & 2, Weir D.M., Wiley, 1997
- 4. Kuby Immunology. Kindt T.J. et at., W.H. Freeman & Co. 2007
- 5. Immunology. Riott, I.M., BrostoffJ., Male, D. Mosby Pub., 2001
- 6. Immunobiology. Janeway C.A. and Travers, P. Churchill Livingstone Pub., 1996
- 7. Practical Immunology. Hudson L. and Hay F.C., Blackwell Scientific Pub., 1989