

DEPARTMENT OF MICROBIOLOGY M.Sc. MICROBIOLOGY

MBH- 502: Industrial Microbiology

OBJECTIVES:

56h

- 1. Microbial characteristics for industrial applications
- 2. Mass culturing of microbes for biomolecules productions
- 3. Isolation techniques, maintenance of important microbial cultures
- 4. Types of Fermentation techniques, advantages and disadvantages

COURSE OUTCOME

CO1: To make students understand the potentials of microorganisms in industries
CO2: To create awareness on the processes and production of important biomolecules such as
Antibiotics, organic acids, enzymes using microbes
CO3: To learn techniques of downstream processing and purification of biological
compounds
CO4: Fermentation optimization techniques for microbial products
CO5: Isolation, maintenance and preservation of Industrial important microbes.

UNIT I

Modern era of industrial fermentation technology, Primary and Secondary metabolites. Fermentation: aerobic and anaerobic fermentation processes and their application. Substrate and oxidative phosphorylation and their energy yield, Types of fermentation processes (Surface, submerged, Batch, Continuous, solid-substrate, Dual, Fed batch fermentation and its applications), Fermentation economics and feasibilities.

UNIT II

Industrial Microorganisms: Screening, selection & Isolation. Identification and characterization of industrially important microbes. Strain improvement- mutation, recombination- gene regulation and genetic manipulation. Preservation of industrially important microbes. Culture collection centres and their importance.

UNIT III

Media for Industrial Fermentations: Media formulation, growth factors, carbon, nitrogen, Energy and Mineral sources, buffers, inhibitors, precursors, inducers, Oxygen requirements Antifoam agents and others, Sterilization: Sterilization of bioreactor, media, air and exhaust air and filter sterilization. Downstream processing: Steps in recovery and purification of fermented products.

UNIT IV

Production of amino acid, Enzymes, Biopolymers- Xanthans, chitin and pullulan. Production of beer, wine, alcohol. Production of organic acids- Citric acid, Lactic acid, vinegar and gluconic acid. Biopesticides- Production and formulation, Production of Biofertilizers, Bioethanol production.

Note: Each unit is for 14h

