

MGP 452: STRUCTURAL GEOLOGY AND PALAEONTOLOGY LAB

Course Outcome:

CO1: Preparation of topomap, calculation of slope, drawing profiles etc. is attained.

CO2: Determination of strike and dip; Strike-whole-circle bearing and quadrant systems.

Representation of planar structures through strike and dip.

CO3: Helps to study and describe various invertebrate fossils,

CO4: Practical knowledge will help students to do field work related to exploration of water, minerals and fossils to trace evolution and in search of fossil fuels.

Structural Geology (Lab)

- 1. Preparation of topomap, calculation of slope; drawing a profile.
- 2. Determination of strike and dip; Strike-whole-circle bearing and quadrant systems.
- 3. Representation of planar structures through strike and dip.
- 4. Representation of linear structures through strike and pitch.
- Measurement of strike and dip using compass clinometer &brunton compass in the field.
- 6. Tracing the outcrop patterns of horizontal, vertical and inclined (dip & slope in opposite directions; dip & slope in the same direction dip > slope, dip < slope) beds keeping the topography constant.
- 7. Drawing cross section of horizontal, folded, faulted and vertical beds/igneous intrusions, strata with unconformities using structural geological maps.
- 8. Completion of outcrops (three–point problems).
- 9. Problems involving thickness of bed (vertical and true), width of outcrop, strike, dip etc. Use of equal area and stereonets.

Palaeontology (Lab)

- 1. Invertebrate Fossils: Identification and descriptive morphology of Coelenterata Brachiopoda Mollusca, Arthropoda and Echinodermata.
- 2. Plant Fossils: Identification and descriptive morphology of plant fossils.
- 3. Microfossils: Descriptive morphology, classification and identification of microfossils.
- 4. Chronological ordering of invertebrate fossils, plant fossils and microfossils.
- 5. Evolutionary trends in fossils.
- 6. Reconstruction and identification of fossils aided by morphological parts.
- 7. Identification of microfossils and shells in the sediment samples collected by students.

