

PHH 552: ASTROPHYSICS AND RELATIVITY

(52 Hrs.)

Course outcome

- CO1 The student will have good understanding of basics of astrophysics.
- CO2 Good understanding of energy generation in stars.
- CO3 Will be well versed with general theory relativity.

Unit I Astrophysics

Introduction – constellations, solstices, equinoxes, zodiac, temperature of stars and their classification, visible and invisible astronomy.

Doppler effect. Hubble's law. Origin and evolution of solar system. Apparent and absolute magnitudes of stars. Measurement of stellar distances – method of heliocentric parallax, statistical parallax method. Spectroscopic parallax method.

[13hrs]

Unit II Energy generation in stars. Contents of milky way galaxy

Hertzsprung – Russel diagram – Evolution of stars – star birth, evolution to, on and off the main sequence, evolution to the end.

White dwarfs, neutron stars, pulsars and black holes.

Cosmological models – steady state and Big-Bang models. [13 hrs]

Unit III Theory of relativity

Special theory : review – postulates of special theory of relativity, relativity of simultaneity and Lorentz transformation equation of lengths perpendicular and parallel to relative motion; time intervals, transformation of velocities and acceleration. Equivalence of mass and energy.

4 dimensional formulation of theory of relativity - Lorentz transformation, length contraction, time dilation, covariance of laws of nature. 4 dimensional line element. 4 velocity, 4 acceleration, 4 momentum and 4 force.

Inertial and gravitational mass. Eotvos experiment. [13 hrs]

Unit IV General relativity

Tensor calculus – Christoffel symbols – covariant differentiation of tensors – the equation of geodesic line – the Riemann – Christoffel tensors – transformation laws for the Christoffel symbols. Maxwell's equation in tensor form.

Principles of equivalence and covariance. Schwarzschild line element. Schwarzschild radius. Tests for the theory of relativity – Advance of perihelion, gravitations shift of spectral lines. Experiment of Rebka and Pound. [13 hrs]

Text Books:

- 1. Introduction to Astrophysics 'BaidyanathBasu' (PHI, 1997).
- 2. Michael Feilik and John Gaustad 'Astronomy the Cosmic Prospective' (John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 1990)
- 3. Resnik R, 'Introduction to Special Relativity' (Wiley Eastern, 1972)
- 4. Rindler W, 'Introduction to Special Relativity', II Edn. (Oxford University Press, 1991)

Reference Books:

- 1. Schutz B F, 'A First Course in General Relativity' (Cambridge University Press, 1985)
- 2. Feilik M, 'Astronomy the Evolving Universe' III Edn (Harper and Row, 1982)
- 3. Boris A Vorontsov-Vel'yaminov, 'Essay about the Universe' (Mir Publishers, Moscow, 1985)
- 4. French A P, 'Special Relativity' (Thomas Nelson, 1968)
- 5. Moller C, Theory of Relativity II Edn. (Claredon Press, 1972)
- 6. Jean-Pierre-Luminet 'Black Holes' (Cambridge University Press, 1987)
- 7. D Mc Gillivray 'Physics and Astronomy' (McMillan, 1987)
- 8. Michael Berry 'Principles of Cosmology and Gravitation' (Cambridge University Press, 1976)
- 9. Rosser W G V, 'An Introduction of the Theory of Relativity' (ELBS Butterworth, 1972)
- 10. Lord EA, Tensorl, Relativity and Cosmology' (Tata McGraw Hill, 1976)
- 11. Ray d'Inverno, 'Introducing Einstein's Relativity' (Oxford University Press, 1992)
- 12. Dixon W G, 'Special Relativity, the Foundation of Modern Physics' (Cambridge University Press, 1978)
- 13. Adler R, Bazin M & Schiffer M, 'Introduction to General Relativity', II Edn. (McGraw Hill, 1975)
- 14. Hughston L P and Tod K P, 'An Introduction to General Relativity' (Cambridge University Press)
- 15. Hans Stephani, 'General Relativity' II Edn. (Cambridge University Press, 1990)
- 16. Peter Gabrial Bergmann 'Introduction to theory of Relativity' (PHI, 1989)
- 17. Nigel Henbest and Heather Couper 'The Restless Universe' (George Philip, 1982)
- 18. Jagjit Singh. 'Great Ideas and Theories of Modern Cosmology' (Dover Publications, Inc., 1961)

 Marc L Kutner "Astronomy a physical perspective (2nd edition) Cambridge University Press 2003.

