

PHS 505: NUCLEAR PHYSICS I

(52 Hrs.)

Course outcome

- CO1 Able to explain the structure and properties of the nucleus.
- CO2 Discuss the advantage and shortcomings of various nuclear models.
- CO3 Explain different kinds of nuclear reactions and the approaches made to obtain the cross

Sections.

- CO4 Attain sufficient knowledge to pursue research in nuclear reactions.
- Unit I Interaction of particulate radiations and radiation dosimetry: Interaction of heavy charged particles with matter stopping power, Bethe-Bloch formula, energy loss characteristics, Bragg curves, practical range of charged particles, scaling laws.

Interaction of neutrons - Elastic scattering, inelastic scattering, capture reactions, cross sections, neutron attenuation.

Radiation dosimeters – Thermoluminescent dosimeters, Solid State Nuclear Track Detectors, Bubble detectors. [13 hrs]

Unit II Nuclear detectors : Scintillation detectors – organic and inorganic scintillators, basic scintillation process, photomultiplier tube, NaI(Tl) gamma ray scintillation spectrometer, calibration of the spectrometer, spectrum details.

Semiconductor detectors - physics of semiconductor detectors, diffused junction, surface barrier, ion-implanted, Si(Li) and Ge(Li) detectors. HPGe gamma ray spectrometer, calibration of the spectrometer, spectrum details.

Unit III Nuclear electronics

Preamplifier circuits, charge sensitive pre-amplifiers, pulse shaping, pulse stretching. Linear amplifiers, linear pulse amplifier. Pulse discriminators, single channel analysers, coincidence and anticoincidence circuits. Flash ADCs, Wilkinson type ADCs, multichannel analysers. Basic principles of measurement techniques- collimation, geometry, shielding.

[13 hrs]

Unit IV Particle accelerators and Applications

Classification and principles of operation of DC, Linear and Cyclic accelerators, Synchrotron Radiation Sources, Storage rings. Accelerator Driven Sub-critical Systems, Measurements of percentage depth dose and profiles of photons and electron beams from accelerators - Relative dosimetry. Particle energy, flux, fluence, range, exposure and absorption. Accelerator shielding - Safety aspects of accelerators, Accelerators in medical and industrial applications.



Text Books:

- 1. Emilio Segre, 'Nuclei and Particles', II Edn. (Benjamin, 1977)
- 2. Ghoshal S N, 'Atomic and Nuclear Physics', Vol. II (S Chand & Company, New Delhi, 1994)
- 3. Kenneth S Krane, 'Introductory Nuclear Physics' (John Wiley, 1986)
- 4. Knoll G F, 'Radiation Detection and Measurement', II Edn. (John Wiley, 1989)
- 5. Evans R D, 'Atomic Nucleus' (Tata McGraw Hill, 1972)
- 6. Delaney, 'Electronics for Physicists'
- 7. Wallemar Scharf `Particle Accelerators and their uses' (Harwood Acasemic Publishers, 1986)

Reference Books:

- 1. Enge H, 'Introduction to Nuclear Physics' (Addison Wesley, 1988)
- 2. Paul E B, 'Nuclear and Particle Physics' (North Holland, 1969)
- 3. Singru R M, 'Experimental Nuclear Physics' (Wiley Eastern, 1972)
- 4. Kapoor S S and Ramamoorthy V S, 'Radiation Detectors' (Wiley Eastern, 1986)
- 5. Burcham W E, 'Nuclear Physics', II Edn. (Longman, 1963)

[13 hrs]

6. Marmier D and Sheldon E, 'Nuclear Physics', Vol. I, II (Academic Press, 1969)

