DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY MA History

Paper No: HSS: 404 (Soft Core)

INTRODUCTION TO ARCHAEOLOGY, EPIGRAPHY AND NUMISMATICS

Learning objective: This paper's aims is to provide an insight in to the evolution of archaeology, epigraphy and numismatics in India.

Learning Outcome: After the completion of the course the students will come to know about evolutions of archeology, epigraphy and numismatics and their role in the construction of history

- I. Archaeology: Meaning, aims, nature, and scope-Development of Archaeology in Europe and India-Pre, Proto and Historical Archaeology- Archaeology and History.
- II. Nature of Archaeological sites: Open air, caves, mounds, ash-mounds- discovery methods- literary sources-folk traditions- village to village survey-GPS methods-Exploration methods-use of maps, aerial photography, marine archaeology, remote sensing, and surveying materials.
- III. Excavation methods: Vertical and horizontal excavation, recording methods, stratigraphy, staff-kit, pottery yard.
- IV. Epigraphy: meaning, antiquity, nature, scope and importance- Types of inscriptions: Lithic records and copper plates, format and contents, writing materials, Eras and dating methods, development of scripts.
- V. Numismatics: Antiquity and importance of Indian coinage-development of coinage in India.

Reading List/Reference:

Agrawal, D.P., <i>The Archaeology of India</i> , Delhi, 1983.
, Radio Carbon and Indian archaeology.
Allchin, Bridget and Raymond., The Rise of Civilization in India and Pakistan, Delhi, 1983.
Allan, J., Gupta Coins
Altekar, A.S., The Bayana Hoard of Gupta Coins.
Atkinson, R.J.C., Field Archaeology, London, 1953.
Barker Philip., Techniques of Archaeological Excavation, London, 1977.
Binford, An Archaeological Perspective, New York, 1972.
New Pesrspective in Archaeology.
Bones, Ancient Men and Modern Myths.
In Pursuit of the Past.
Working at Archaeology.

Ramesh, K.V., Indian Epigraphy, Vol.I Rapson, E.G., Coins of India. Renfrew and Bahu, P., Archaeology, Theories, Mehtods and Practice, 1996. Roy, S., The Story of Indian Archaeology, Delhi, 1961 Sarkar, D.C., Indian Epigraphy. _____.Select Inscriptions, Revised, 1962. _____. Studies in Indian Coins. __. Indian Numismatics. Staek John, P., Back to Earth; An Introduction to Archaeology, 2002. Sankalia, H.D., Pre and Proto history of India and Pakistan, Poona, 1974. _____. Pre history of India, Delhi, 1977. ____. Stone Age Tools, Poona. Sircar H., Museums and Protection of Monuments and Antiquities in India, Delhi, 1981. Soundara Rajan, K.V., *Invitation to Indian Archaeology*, New Delhi, 1985. Srikanta Sastri, S., Puratatva Sodhane, (Kannada) Mysore, 1960 Sundara, A., Prachya Vastu Shodhane, (Kannada) Dharwar, 1972. Thapar, B.k., Recent Archaeological Discoveries in India. Tite, M.S., Methods of Physical Examination in Archaeology, Rpt. London, 1981 Upinder Singh, The Discovery of Ancient India, Delhi, 2014. _____. A History of Ancient and Medieval India, New Delhi, 2015. Webster, G., Practical Archaeology, London, 1974. Wheeler REM., Archaeology from the Earth, 1954. Wooley G.L., *Digging up the Past*, London, 1954. Wymer, J., Palaeolithic Age, London, 1982. Zeuner, F.E., Dating the Past, London, 1970.