

Department of Microbiology M.Sc. Microbiology

MBE- 509: Applied Microbiology (Open Elective)

40h

OBJECTIVES

- 1. Study on fermented food and dairy products
- 2. Analysis of food spoilage, Food borne pathogens
- 3. Probiotics as functional foods
- 4. Microbes as pollution indicators
- 5. Mass culturing and Formulation of Biofertilizers
- 6. Clinically important microbes and control

COURSE OUTCOME

- CO1: Role of microbes in Food industries, Dairy products, microbes as functional food
- CO2: Role of microbes in waste water treatments, biofuel productions,
- CO3: Bioleaching, reclamation of mine sites
- CO4: Biocontrol agents, Biopesticides, Biofertilizers role in agriculture systems
- CO5: Control of infections, role of microbes in Pharmaceutical industries.

UNIT- I

Primary sources and growth of microbes in food and dairy products, Spoilage of fruits, vegetables, meat, poultry, fish & sea foods, milk, cheese, canned foods. Microbiology of fermented foods- sausage, vinegar, shoyu, tofu, idli. Microbiology of fermented dairy products- butter milk, sour cream, yoghurt, cheese. Food borne Infections and intoxication, Food and milk borne pathogens- *Bacillus, Brucella, Clostridium, E. coli, Listeria, Salmonella, Staphylococcus, Vibrio, Yersinia.* Microbial foods: Functional foods, probiotics.

UNIT- II

Distribution of microorganisms in soil, Factors influencing the soil microflora, Role of microorganisms in soil fertility. Interactions among microorganisms- mutualisms, commensalism, competition, amensalism, parasitism, predation - Interactions between microbes and plants - rhizosphere, phyllosphere, mycorrhizae. Microbial interactions in animals- Rumen microflora, Microbial contribution to food digestion.

UNIT- III

Role of microorganisms in waste water treatment, Microbes as pollution indicators, Microbial degradation of herbicides, Biofuel production- biogas, biohydrogen, bioethanol, bioether. Bioleaching, Bioreclamation of mines. Biopesticides Biocontrol organisms Biofertilizers for sustainable agriculture, Significance of biofertilizers.

UNIT-IV

History and basic concept of Medical Microbiology. Infections, Sterilization, and disinfection, Normal microflora of human body. Clinical, microbiological, immunological and molecular diagnosis of microbial diseases caused by *Staphylococci, Bacillus, Clostridium, Corynebacterium, Escherichia, Salmonella, Shigella, Klebsiella, Vibrio, Pseudomonas, Mycobacteria, Spirochaetes, Rickettsia.* Medically important viruses - *Pox, Herpes, Hepatitis, Adeno, Picorna, Orthomyxo, Paramyxo, Rhabdo* and HIV virus.Vaccines.

Note: Each unit is for 10h

