Department of Political Science

PSS404: POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY IN INDIA

Course Objectives:

- 1. To introduce students to the linkages between politics and society
- 2. To enable students to understand the political process with conceptual clarity
- 3. To enable students to reflect on the nature of societal change and its implications
- 4. To sensitise students on the socio-political issues

Learning Outcomes: The course will equip students to –

- 1. Critically engage with the contemporary societal issues and grasp the different dimensions of it
- 2. Reflect upon the interconnectedness between various socio-political issues and draw inferences on the same
- 3. Grasp the nuances of the issues and to come out with alternative perspectives
- 4. Develop a temperament to draw socio-political conclusions on established facts.

BLOCK I: Framework

- Unit 1 Political Sociology Meaning and the significance of the study
- Unit 2 Political Sociology and Sociology of Politics
- Unit 3 Approaches-Traditional, Behavioural, Post- behavioural, Marxian
- Unit 4 Politics- Society interface Pluralism, Structuralism, Post Structuralism, Structuration theory

Block II: Political Man and Social base

- Unit 5 Power and Authority; Caste, Class and social mobility
- Unit 6 Caste, Class and power in India
- Unit 7 Political Culture, Political Socialisation, Political Communication and Public Opinion
- Unit 8 Political participation forms; Political modernisation

Block III: Social Difference, Equality and Inequality

- Unit 9 Structuring of Inequality ideas and interests; Social stratification and social inequality; Difference and assimilation
- Unit 10 Social balancing Consensus and Conflict, Elitism and pluralism
- Unit 11 Inequality and Affirmative action; Reservation debate in India
- Unit 12 Modernity and Tradition; Modernity of tradition

Block IV: Political order and Social change

- Unit 13 Sanskritisation, Westernisation, Secularisation
- Unit 14 Politics of inclusion and exclusion; Social Change and Political Mobilisation
- Unit 15 Critique of development; Reinventing Development Alternative perspectives
- Unit 16 Identitarian and social movements—Religious, Dalit, Backward caste, Women

Basic Reading

- 1. Faulks, Keith, Political Sociology: A Critical Introduction, NUY Press, 2000
- 2. Gupta, Dipankar, Political Sociology in India Contemporary trends, New Delhi, Orient Longman, 1996
- 3. Janoski, Thomas and others, eds., The Handbook of Political Sociology, Cambridge University Press, 2005
- 4. Kumar, Anand, Political Sociology of India, New Delhi, Sage, 2013
- 5. Nash, Kate, Contemporary Political Sociology Globalisation, Politics and Power, Oxford, Wiley-Blackwell, 2000
- 6. Oommen, T.K., Nation, Civil Society and Social Movements, Essays in Political Socilogy, New Delhi, Sage, 2004
- 7. Roy, Shefali, Society and Politics in India Understanding Political Sociolog,. Delhi, PHI Learning, 2014

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Ashraf, Ali and Sharma, L.N., Political Sociology a new grammar of politics, Hyderabad, University Press, 1986
- 2.Baviskar, B. S., The Politics of Development: The Sugar Cooperatives in Maharashtra, Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1980.
- 3. Bendix R., ed., State and Society, Berkeley: University of California Press, 1988. 4.Bendix,R., and Lipset, S. M., eds., Class Status and Power, London: Routledge & Kegan Paul, 1966.
- 5. Eisenstadt, S.N., ed., Political Sociology: A Reader, New York: Basic Books, 1971.
- 6. Miliband, R. The State in Capitalist Society, London: Quartet Books, 1973.
- 7. Mills, C. W., The Power Elite. New York: Oxford University Press. (Chapters 12 and 13).1956.
- 8. Pareto, V., The Mind and Society, New York: Dover (Pp. 1421-1432).1985.
- 9. Runciman, W. G., Social Science and Political Theory, Cambridge University Press, 1963.
- 10. Rudolph, L.I. and Rudolph, S.H., In Pursuit of Lakshmi, The Political Economy of The Indian State., Delhi: Orient Longman, 1987.
- 11. Weber, M., Economy and Society, Berkeley: University of California Press, 1978.