bcsCHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

SEMESTER SCHEME

Course content (2019 onwards)

PSYCHOLOGY for B.A./B.Sc. Programme

I PREAMBLE:

Psychology is not just an academic subject that exists only in classrooms, research labs and mental health institutions. It is a scientific field that aims at understanding human nature and behaviour. Knowledge of Psychology helps understand one's own strengths and weaknesses by giving practical experiences. It gives awareness about social and psychological problems faced in general and prepares the student to face everyday challenges by exposing him/her to coping strategies. Moreover makes the student realize that an aim is attainable. It is a powerful force that influences all our activities in every walk of our life.

II OBJECTIVES:

To take forward, the Vision and Mission of the University following objectives are set.

- To foster interest in psychology and create foundation for further studies in Psychology
- To impart knowledge of the basic concepts and various perspectives of psychology.
- To create an awareness of factors influencing behaviour
- To understand matters relating to stages of Human development
- To familiarize students with criteria of abnormal behaviour
- To give an over view of mental disorders and possible ways of handling them
- To acquaint the students with nature of work behaviour, and to help the students in the use of this in understanding and increasing efficiency.
- To attain skills of interaction with supervisory and managerial personnel in terms of training, counseling and problem solving relationships.
- To highlight the steps and strategies to cope with stress
- To attain and maintain one's health through preventive behaviour
- To arouse intellectual curiosity and create an interest for research in psychology

III: Part A: Summary Chart

Semester	Course Code	Course	Particulars	No. of	Duration of	Mar	Marks		Credits
		No.		hrs/ week	exam (hrs)	IA	Exam	total	
I	BASPYC131		Foundations of	04	03	20	80	100	02
	BASF I C131	I	Behaviour I						
	BASPYP132		Practical – I	03	03	10	40	50	01
	BASPYC181		Foundations of	04	03	20	80	100	02
II	BASP I CI81	II	Behaviour II						
	BASPYP182		Practical –II	03	03	10	40	50	01
	BASPYC231		Life Span	04	03	20	80	100	02
III	DASI 1 C231		Development -I						
	BASPYP232	III	Practical – III	03	03	10	40	50	01
	B/181 11 232								
			Life Span	04	03	20	80	100	02
IV	BASPYC281		Development -						
		IV	II						
	BASPYP282		Practical – IV	03	03	10	40	50	01
	BASPYC331	\mathbf{v}	Social	04	03	20	80	100	02
			Psychology						
V	BASPYP333		Practical – V	03	03	10	40	50	01
	BASPYC332	371	Abnormal	04	03	20	80	100	02
	BASF 1 C332	VI	Psychology						
	BASPYP334		Practical – VI	03	03	10	40	50	01
	D A CDV/C201	X711	Health	04	03	20	80	100	02
	BASPYC381	VII	Psychology						
VI	BASPYP383		Practical – VII	03	03	10	40	50	01
			Industrial and	04	03	20	80	100	02
	BASPYC382	VIII	Organizational						
			Psychology						
	BASPYP384		Practical – VIII	03	03	10	40	50	01

I SEMESTER

Foundations of Behaviour I Course I - BASPYC131

48 hrs (4 hrs/week)

OBJECTIVES

- To impart knowledge of the basic concepts and various perspectives in psychology
- To understand the biological basis of human behaviour
- To understand the basic perceptual process
- To acquaint the students with the dynamics of human behaviour

Unit -1: Psychology and its perspectives

12 hrs

Meaning, definition and goals of psychology; Schools of Psychology –structuralism, functionalism, Gestalt Psychodynamic, behaviorism, cognitive and humanistic; Major sub fields: Research areas – developmental, social, experimental, physiological, cognitive, cross-cultural, psychometrics and evolutionary; Applied areas –clinical, counseling, educational, sports, forensic, industrial and organizational; Research: Meaning, definition, Methods –introspection, Observation, experimental

Unit -2: Biological Basis of Behavior

12 hrs

Neuron –structure and functions; Nervous system: Central –brain and spinal cord; peripheral –somatic and autonomic; lobes, hemisphere; Endocrine Glands and behavior –pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid, pineal, adrenal and gonads. Biology of sleep -stages, sleep-wake cycle

Unit -3: Sensation, Perception, Attention

12 hrs

Sensation -5 senses –sense organs -functions, sensory threshold, Perception –laws of perceptual organization; errors in perception; subliminal perception Attention –meaning, factors and types of attention

Unit -4: Emotion and Motivation

12 hrs

Emotion: Definition; biology of emotion; cognitive factors; behavioral and socio-cultural factors; Emotional quotient.

Theories -James-Lange; Cannon-Bard; Schachter and Singer

Motivation: definition; motivation cycle- needs, drives and motives types –Biological and social motives; Maslow's hierarchy of needs.

References

Weiten, W (1995) Psychology Themes and Variations 3rd edn, London, Brooks and Cole publishing Company.

Carlson, N.R & Buskist W (1997) Psychology the science of behavior 5th edn, Boston, Allyn and Bacon

Santrock J.W (2005) Psychology-updated edition, Boston, M cGraw Hill

Saundra K.Ciccarelli (2014) Psychology, 4th edn, Pearson Publications.

Robert.S.feldman (2017) Understanding Psychology, 10th edn, Mc Graw Hill Publication.

Baron and Misra (2000) Psychology, 5th edn, Pearson publication.

Rod Plotnik (1992) Introduction to Psychology, 3rd edn, Wadsworth publishing Co Inc

Practical BASPYP 132 (Any Six)

- 1. Nature of question and accuracy of report
- 2. Muller-Lyer illusion
- 3. Span of attention
- 4. Two point threshold
- 5. Self -Efficacy scale
- 6. Left and Right Brain Dominance
- 7. Ishihara's test for colour blindness
- 8. Emotional intelligence scale
- 9. Emotional maturity
- 10. Competition/cooperation

Statistics - Frequency distribution, graphical representation and central tendency ungrouped data

II SEMESTER

Foundations of Behaviour II Course II - BASPYC 181

48 hrs (4 hrs/week)

Objectives

- To understand the process of memory and techniques to improve in everyday life situation
- To understand the process of acquisition of skills and information which brings changes in behaviour
- To gain knowledge about individual differences and assessment of Intelligence
- To understand the components of Personality and assessment of personality

Unit -1: Memory and Learning

12 hrs

Memory –meaning; encoding, storage and retrieval; Atkinson-Schiffrin Model of Memory; Forgetting -meaning and theories; Mnemonics

Learning -meaning, Definition; classical conditioning; operant conditioning; trial and error learning; cognitive learning –latent and insight; social learning. Learning styles -VARK

Unit -2: Higher cognitive processes

12 hrs

Thinking -meaning and definition; types of thinking -convergent vs divergent; concrete vs abstract; Concept formation -meaning; stages

Reasoning -meaning and definition; types -inductive and deductive

Problem solving -meaning and definition; steps, strategies and hindrances in problem solving

Unit -3: Personality 12 hrs

Meaning and definition; theories: Freud's Psychoanalytical theory; Roger's theory of self-actualization; Eysenck's dimensions of personality; Mc Crae and Costa's Big Five factors

Assessment of personality -observation; questionnaires and inventories and projective tests

<u>Unit-4: Intelligence</u> 12 hrs

Meaning and definition; Factors influencing intelligence –heredity and environment; theories – Spearman's 2 factor theory; Cattle's theory of crystallized and fluid intelligence; Gardner's theory of multiple intelligences; Concept of IQ, Classification of IQ: Normal probability curve, Extremes of intelligence –Gifted and mentally challenged; intelligence testing;

- 1. Weiten, W (1995) Psychology Themes and Variations 3rd edition, London, Brooks and Cole publishing Company.
- 2. Carlson, N.R & Buskist W (1997) Psychology the science of behavior 5th edn, Boston, Allyn and Bacon
- 3. Santrock J.W (2005) Psychology-updated edition, Boston, Mc Graw Hill
- 4. Saundra K. Ciccarelli (2014) Psychology, 4th edn, Pearson Publications.
- 5. Robert. S. feldman (2017) Understanding Psychology, 10th edition, Mc Graw Hill Publication.
- 6. Baron and Misra (2000) Psychology, 5th edition, Pearson publication.
- 7. Rod Plotnik (1992) Introduction to Psychology, 3rd edn, Wadsworth publishing Co Inc

Practical BASPYP182 (Any Six)

1.	Retroactive inhibition
2.	Recall and recognition
3.	Bilateral transfer of learning
4.	Insight learning
5.	Problem solving
6.	concept formation
7.	Eysenck's Personality Questionnaire
8.	Big Five personality traits
9.	GMAT/OTIS/Sternberg's Test of intelligence
10.	WAIS/WAPIS/RPM/Bhatia's

Statistics - Measures of Central tendency grouped data

III SEMESTER

Life Span Development - I Course III - BASPYC231

48 hrs (4 hrs/week)

Objectives

- To understand the stages of life span development
- To have an overview of research designs in the field of child development
- To gain knowledge about the role of heredity and environment on Growth and Development.
- To sensitize students about childhood disorders and possible ways of handling them

Unit -1: Introduction and Foundation to Life Span Development

12 hrs

Meaning and characteristics of lifespan development;

Methods –Longitudinal, Cross –sectional, case study, Biographical method, sex cells and their differences, Dominance and recessive cells, preparatory processes; maturation, ovulation and fertilization –its importance, multiple off springs; identical twins and fraternal twins, Mutations, chromosomal abnormalities: Down's syndrome, abnormalities of the sex chromosomes: XYY syndrome, triple X syndrome, Klinefelter syndrome (XXY), Turners syndrome (XO), Fragile X syndrome.

Unit -2: Pre-natal Development

12 hrs

Germinal period ovum, embryo, fetus- hazard, prenatal environmental influences, stages of labour and delivery, types of birth –natural or prepared child birth, caesarian section, breech birth, Transverse presentation, Instrumental birth, Reproductive choices –genetic counseling, prenatal diagnostic choices.

Unit -3: Infancy, Babyhood and Childhood

12 hrs

Sub-divisions of Infancy, Physical and Psychological Hazards, New born reflexes, APGAR scales, SIDS Babyhood: Speech development -stages; hazards of babyhood

Childhood: Early and Late Childhood, Concept development; Piaget's stages of cognitive development. Moral development;

Unit -4: Emotional Development and disorders of childhood

12 hrs

Development of emotional expression – self-conscious emotions; emotional catharsis, aids to emotional catharsis. Hazards in emotional development, emotional deprivation, too much affection, heightened emotionality. Problems of childhood: Enuresis, encopresis, sleep walking and tics, learning disabilities, attention deficit hyperactivity disorder, autism

- 1. Santrock J.W. (2001) Child Development 9th Ed., Boston: McGraw Hill
- 2. Hurlock E.B. (1997) Child Development 6th Ed., New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill
- 3. Novak G & Pelaez M (2004) Child and Adolescent Development, New Delhi: Sage Publications
- 4. Laura Berk, Child Development 6th edition
- 5. Elizabeth B. Hurlock Child development 5th edition
- 6. Santrock. J. M. Human development. New York: Wiley
- 7. Diane. E. Papalia., Sally. w. Olds. Human development 7th international Ed. Tata McGraw Hill
- 8. EM Hetherington and Ross (1994) Child Psychology 3rd Edition
- 9. S.V. Kale Child Psychology and guidance.

Practical BASPYP232 (Any Six)

- 1. Seguin form board test
- 2. Coloured Progressive Matrices
- 3. Children Moral Value Scale by Arpana Sen Gupta
- 4. Foreign language anxiety scale
- 5. Diagnostic Spelling Test
- 6. ADHD rating scale/Check list
- 7. Autism Rating Scale
- 8. Assessment of learning disability
- 9. Emotional stability
- 10. CPQ/

Statistics - Measures of variability

IV SEMESTER

Life Span Development -II Course IV BASPYC281

48 hrs (4 hrs/week)

Objectives

- To understand growth and development from Adolescence to old age
- To sensitize the students about issues related to developmental stages
- To understand the age related physical and psychological health issues
- To focus on psycho social support

Unit -1: Puberty and Adolescence

12 hrs

Puberty -features, variations in the age of puberty and consequences of pubertal changes, gender identity and its emergence,

Adolescent psychosocial issues identity, autonomy, intimacy, sexuality and achievement Problems of adolescence: anorexia nervosa and bulimia, teenage pregnancies, Suicide, premenstrual syndrome, behavioral addictions

Erickson's stages of development

Unit -2: Early Adulthood

12 hrs

Social mobility, vocational adjustment, marital adjustment, sexual adjustment, adjustment to parenthood, the diversity of adult lifestyle –single adults; cohabitating adults; divorced adults; remarried adults; gay and lesbian adults

Unit 3: Middle Adulthood

12 hrs

Characteristics of middle age, health and disease; sexuality; adjustment to changed roles, adjustment to approaching retirement and old age, Divorce, Remarriage, Burnout, Empty nest syndrome, intergenerational relationship, mid-life crisis.

Unit -4: Late Adulthood

12 hrs

Longevity; the young old, old-old and oldest old; physical and cognitive changes, problems of old age, Mental health problems –depression, dementia, Alzheimer's disease and other afflictions. Geriatric care.

- 1. Santrock J.W. (2001) Child Development 9th Ed., Boston: McGraw Hill
- 2. Hurlock E.B. (1997) Child Development 6th Ed., New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill
- 3. Novak G & Pelaez M (2004) Child and Adolescent Development, New Delhi: Sage Publications
- 4. Laura Berk, Child Development 6th edition
- 5. Elizabeth B. Hurlock Child development 5th edition
- 6. Santrock. J.M. Human development. New York: Wiley
- 7. Diane. E. Papalia., Sally. w. Olds. Human development 7th international Ed. Tata McGraw Hill
- 8. EM Hetherington and Ross (1994) Child Psychology 3rd Edition
- 9. S.V. Kale Child Psychology and guidance.

Practical BASPYP282 (Any Six)

- 1. Adolescent Anger Rating Scale
- 2. Kimberly's internet addiction scale
- 3. Suicidal ideation scale/ Beck's scale for suicide ideation
- 4. Life satisfaction scale
- 5. Psychological Well Being
- 6. Geriatric Depression Scale/ Becks Depression Inventory
- 7. Family Environment Scale
- 8. Shamshad Jasbir Old Age Inventory/ Screening test for dementia
- 9. Vocational Interest Record
- 10. Adolescent Problem Checklist

Statistics - Percentile/probability

V SEMESTER

Social Psychology Course V BASPYC331

Objectives 48 hrs (4 hrs/week)

- To know the significance of Interpersonal Relationship
- To understand the concept of prosocial behaviour and related aspects
- To understand the various social issues like attitude, prejudice and discrimination
- To acquire knowledge about role of aggression on Behaviour

Unit I: Introduction and close Relationship

12 hrs

Social Psychology-Meaning and definition; Methods: survey, correlation, Focus group discussion

Non-verbal communication; impression formation

Interdependent relations with family and friends; Beyond the family -Friendships: Loneliness life without close relationships.

Unit II: Prosocial Behavior

12 hrs

Meaning; providing help -5 essential steps; factors that increase the tendency of prosocial behavior - Prosocial model, empathy, belief in a just world, social responsibility, internal locus of control, low egocentrism; negative state of relief; empathic joy; factors decreasing the tendency of prosocial behavior - social exclusion, pluralistic ignorance, bystander effect, social dissonance, putting an economic value on time and effort

Unit III Attitude and Prejudice

12 hrs

Meaning, Definition and characteristics of attitudes; formation of attitudes; Functions of attitude Prejudice- Meaning and Definition; growth; techniques for counteracting its effects; prejudice based on gender; Stereotype; Discrimination

Unit IV: Aggression 12 hrs

Theoretical Perspective; Role of biological factors - instincts: Drive theories: Social learning perspectives; General aggression model; Social causes of aggressions; Situational determinants of aggression: of aggression, Prevention and control of aggression- punishment, cognitive interventions and forgiveness

- 1. Baron R.A & Byrne D (2006), Social Psychology, 11th ed, New Delhi, Prentice Hall
- 2. Baron R.A & Byrne D (2003), Social Psychology, 10th ed, New Delhi, Prentice Hall

V SEMESTER

Abnormal Psychology Course VI BASPYC332

48 hrs (4 hrs/week)

Objectives:

- To impart knowledge about the difference between normality and abnormality
- To have an overview of criteria of abnormality and overcome misconceptions of abnormal behaviour
- To familiarize students with symptoms and causes of prevailing mental disorders as per International classifications of mental disorders.
- To bring awareness about rehabilitation and therapies available.

UNIT-I: Introduction

12 hrs

Defining abnormality, criteria of abnormality, classification of mental disorders -DSM and ICD - 10 classification, Psychological models of abnormality -psychodynamic, behaviouristic, Cognitive -behavioural and Humanistic models

Unit -II Anxiety based and Somatoform disorders

12 hrs

Anxiety based disorders: The anxiety based response patterns, Phobic disorders, obsessive compulsive disorders, generalized anxiety disorder,

Somatoform disorders: Somatization disorder, hypochondriasis, conversion disorders, Conversion disorder:

Dissociative disorder - psychogenic amnesia, fugue; dissociative identity disorder : causes Biological, Psychological and Socio-cultural factors.

Unit –III Schizophrenia and Delusional Disorder

<u>12 hrs</u>

Schizophrenia: Types: Paranoid; Disorganized; catatonic; undifferentiated Causes - Biological, Psychological and Socio-cultural factors.

Delusional Disorder - Types Erotomanic: Grandiose; Jealous; Persecutory; Somatic and mixed type. Causes - Biological, Psychological and Socio-cultural factors.

Unit –IV Personality and Mood Disorders

12 hrs

Personality Disorders- Cluster A, B and C Schizoid, antisocial, histrionic and avoidant personality disorder; Causes - Biological, Psychological and Socio-cultural factors.

Mood disorders- Major depressive disorder; bipolar I; Causes - Biological, Psychological and Socio-cultural factors.

References:

- 1. Carson R.C, Butcher JN and Mineka Susan (2005). Abnormal Psychology and modern life (10th edn) New York: Harper-Collins
- 2. John M., Neale and Gerald C, Davidson. Abnormal Psychology (Revised 7^{th} edn) John Wiley and sons
- 3. WHO (1992) The ICD-10 classification of mental and behavioral disorders, clinical description and diagnostic guidelines, Geneva, WHO
- 4. Ronald. J. Comer Abnormal Psychology (2nd edn) New York: WH Freeman & Co
- **5.** Kaplan H, Sadock BJ, Grebb JA (1994) Synopsis of Psychiatry (7th edn). New Delhi: BL Waverly Pvt. Ltd.

V Semester Practical (Any Six from each Part)

	Practi	ical V – BASPYP 333		Practical VI – BASPYP334		
Sl.No.			Sl.No.			
1	Stereot	type/Social distance	1	Sinha's Anxiety Scale		
2	Antisocial Behaviour			Social Phobias Inventory Jonathan S		
3	Locus	of Control	3	MPQ/ Family Pathology Scale		
4	Personal Values Questionnaire/		4	Histrionic Personality Questionnaire		
5	Aggression Scale By Mathura / Bus & Perry		5	Sentence Completion Test		
6	Self Confidence Scale/		6	Positive And Negative Symptoms Scale		
7	Attachment Style Scale		7	Bell's adjustment inventory		
8	Progressive weight		8	Hamilton's Anxiety Scale		
9	Teacher attitude scale		9	Beck's Depression inventory		
10	Level	of aspiration	10	Yale brown obsessive compulsive scale		
Statistics Correlation				Chi-square		

VI SEMESTER

Health Psychology Course VII BASPYC 381

48 hrs (4 hrs/week)

Objectives

- To acquaint the students about the need of health psychology and the health related behaviors
- To understand the impact of stress on health
- To have awareness about health damaging and health promoting life styles
- To attain and maintain ones health by means of coping strategies

Unit -I: Introduction to health psychology and health behaviour

12 hrs

Definition of Health Psychology, History of body mind relationship, Need for the field of health psychology, Health behaviors: factors influencing health behaviors; barriers to modify poor health behaviour, Models of health Biomedical and Bio psychosocial model.

Unit -III Health enhancing and compromising behaviour

12 hrs

Health compromising behaviors: Substance abuse - Alcohol; Tobacco and Smoking; drugs; Psychoactive Substances, abnormal eating behaviour, sedentary lifestyle

Health enhancing behaviors: Exercise-types benefits of exercise, effects on psychological health, Diet -Maintaining healthy diet, sleep hygiene, accident prevention

Unit -III: Stress and life style diseases

12 hrs

Stress -sources, Types of stress- Frustration, conflict and pressure, Stress and immune system, Hans Selye's theory of stress; Role of stress in CHD, Hypertension- causes and relations between stress and hyper tension; Diabetes, types, Stress and diabetes. Sex related health behaviour - HIV/AIDS

Unit-4 Coping strategies

12 hrs

Social support; yoga; Mindfulness meditation and time management; positive psychology interventions - gratitude, forgiveness, savoring, Patience, creativity.

- 1. Taylor S.E (1998) Health Psychology 3rd edition, Newyork. McGrewHill
- 2. Baron .L & Feist. J (200) Health Psychology 4th edn, USA Brooks/Cole
- 3. Rice. P.L. (1992) Stress and Health, 2nd edn, California, Brooks/Cole
- 4. Ogden.J (2000) Health Psychology 2nd edition Philadelphia, Open University press

VI SEMESTER

Organizational Behaviour Course VIII BASPYC382

48 hrs (4 hrs/week)

Objectives

- To introduce the students to the field of industrial/organizational Psychology
- To know the importance of Psychology at workplace
- To apply the knowledge gained about Industrial Psychology in the work place
- To understand the role of leadership and motivation at work place

<u>Unit-I: Introduction</u> <u>12 hrs</u>

Meaning and definition of Organizational Behaviour; Fundamental concepts of Organizational Behaviour; Challenges for Organizational/Industrial Psychology; Approaches to the study of Organizational Behaviour

Unit-II: Leadership in Organization

12 hrs

Meaning and definition; Approaches: Scientific management, HR approach, Theory X and Theory Y:

Theories: Contingency theory, Path-goal theory, leader member exchange,

Styles of Leadership: Authoritarian and Democratic leader, Transaction and transformational leader.

The role of power in leadership; Types of power, The role of expectation- Pygmalion effect

Unit-III Motivation and Job Satisfaction

12 hrs

Meaning and definition of motivation; Content theory of motivation: Achievement motivation theory, ERG, Two factor theory, Process theory of motivation: VIE theory, Equity theory and goal setting theory.

Meaning of Job Satisfaction; Impact of personal characteristic on job satisfaction; Motivation Job satisfaction and Pay

Unit-IV Consumer Psychology

12 hrs

Meaning; Research methods; Surveys and public opinion polls, focus groups, projective techniques, observation of shopping behaviour, brand identification and preference research; nature and scope of advertising; Types of advertising appeals; trademarks, product image, packaging, sex in advertisements, women in advertisement; consumer behaviour and motivation.

Buying habits and brand loyalty, product pricing, advertising to ethnic groups, advertising to children and adolescents, advertising to older persons.

References

- 1. Dessler, G (2007) Human Resource Management: New Delhi; Prentice Hall India.
- 2. Robbins,P and D, Canzo (2005) Human Resource Management; New Delhi Tata McGraw Hill Inc
- 3. Keith, D. (1983) Human Behavior at Work; New Delhi, Tata McGraw Hill Inc.
- 4. Moorthy, M.V. (1992) *Human resource Management: Psycho Sociological Social Work Approach*; Bangalore, R & M Associates.
- 5. Agarwal, R.D. (1973) *Dynamics of Personnel Management in India*; New Delhi, Tata McGraw Hill Inc.
- 6. Berry and Lilly, M. (1998) *Psychology at Work: An Introduction to Organizational and Industrial Psychology*; New York, McGraw International.

VI Semester Practical (Any Six from each Part)

Practical VII – BASPYP 383	Sl.No.	Practical VIII – BASPYP 384
General Health Questionnaire/ Life Satisfaction Scale	1	Occupational Stress Index
Health Locus Of Control	2	Job Satisfaction Scale
Students Stress Scale	3	Tweezer Dextirity
WHO Quality Of Life Scale	4	MRMT/
Life Style Questionnaire	5	Work Motivation
Brief Resilience Scale	6	Leadership Effectiveness Scale
Type A and Type B - ABBPS	7	DBDA
Gratitude questionnaire	8	Leadership style survey
Self esteem scale	9	FIROB
	General Health Questionnaire/ Life Satisfaction Scale Health Locus Of Control Students Stress Scale WHO Quality Of Life Scale Life Style Questionnaire Brief Resilience Scale Type A and Type B - ABBPS Gratitude questionnaire	General Health Questionnaire/ Life Satisfaction Scale Health Locus Of Control Students Stress Scale WHO Quality Of Life Scale Life Style Questionnaire Brief Resilience Scale Type A and Type B - ABBPS Gratitude questionnaire 8

10	IAS inventory	10	MBTI		
Statistics	Correlated 't' test		Independent 't' test		

Open Elective Courses (2 hrs/week) 1 credit (50 marks)

Summary Chart

Semester	Course Code	Course	Title of the	No. of	Duration of	Marks		Credits	
		No.	Course	hrs/	exam (hrs)	T.			
				week		IA	Exam	total	
I		I	Health and	02	02	10	40	50	01
	BASPYE01		well being						
II		II	Personality	02	02	10	40	50	01
	BASPYE02		Development						
III		III	Positive	02	02	10	40	50	01
	BASPYE03		psychology						
IV	BASPYC04	IV	Employability skills	02	02	10	40	50	01

HEALTH AND WELL BEING BASPYE 01

24 hrs (2 hrs/week)

Objectives

- To sensitize students about mental health and hygiene
- To orient students towards health behaviour
- To acquaint the students with pain management

Unit-1 Introduction

12 hrs

Meaning and Definition of Health; Health Behaviors'; Factors influencing the Practice of Health Behaviour; Modification of Health Behaviors'

Mental Health and Hygiene – Meaning and Definition; Myths and facts of mental health; Prevention of mental illness; Role of family and teachers in facilitating mental health

Unit- 2 Pain and stress management

12 hrs

Pain- Significance of pain; Acute pain vs. Chronic pain; Psychological factors and pain; Cognitive Behavioral Methods of Pain Control

Stress: meaning; sources; stress and immunity; coping with stress; defense mechanism

- 1. Taylor S.E (1998) Health Psychology 3rd edition, Newyork. Mc Graw Hill
- 2. Baron .L & Feist.J (2000) Health Psychology 4th edition, USA Brooks/Cole
- 3. Rice.P.L. (1992) Stress and Health, 2nd edn, California, Brooks/Cole
- 4. Ogden.J (2000) Health Psychology 2nd edition Philadelphia, Open university press
- 5. Ballal.V.R (2009) Basics of Psychology 1st edition, Bangalore: EMMES publication

PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT BASPYE 02

24 hrs (2 hrs/week)

Objectives

- To orient students towards personality development
- To acquaint the students with coping with stress
- To equip students with essential soft skills

Unit 1 Introduction to personality

12 hrs

Meaning, Definition; Structure of personality; An over view of theories of personality –Psychoanalysis and Humanistic theories; Traits of personality – Trigunas and Alport's approach; Types of personality –Type 'A' and Type 'B', Big Five; Development of self interest, attitudes, ambition, dreams; Techniques of personality development –stress management, anger management, meditation and concentration technique

<u>Unit 2 – Skills</u> <u>12 hrs</u>

Introduction to soft skills, Aspects of soft skills, Communication skill; Types of communication – Verbal, Nonverbal, body language, postures and gestures; Barriers to communication; Effective communication skills.

Time management; Time as a resource; individual time styles, Techniques for better time management

SWOT Analysis; who am I, Attributes, Importance of Self confidence, Self esteem positive thinking,; Assertiveness training

- 1. Baron. L & Feist. J. (2000) *Health Psychology* 4th edn, USA Brooks/Cole
- 2. Butterfield, Jeff. (2010). Soft skills for everyone. New Delhi: Cengage learning
- 3. Covey Sean. (1998). Seven Habits of Highly effective teens. New York: Fireside Publishers
- 4. Rice.P.L. (1992). Stress and Health. 2nd edn. California: Brooks/Cole

POSITIVE PSYCHOLOGY BASPYE 03

24hrs (2hrs/week)

OBJECTIVES:

- The Course aims to highlight the positive aspects of psychology for enhancing well being.
- Positive Psychology concepts like happiness, resilience, flow and Mindfulness have been discussed which are very essential ingredients in one's Wellbeing

Unit 1: Introduction to Positive Psychology and Happiness

12 hrs

Definition of Positive Psychology, Need for the field of positive psychology: Life above Zero

Happiness: Meaning, Two traditions- Hedonic and Eudaimonic Happiness. Emotional, Psychological and Social well being for happiness

Positive psychology practices for boosting happiness: Know that life hurts, but happiness cures. Starting a gratitude journal, add a Gratitude dairy, Practice Optimism, Writing Future dairy, Savouring, Count Kindness gestures, Recording funny things, Gift time, Gratitude Visit.

Unit 2: Resilience, flow and Mindfulness:

12 hrs

Resilience: Meaning; sources; protective factors within chid, family and community, sources of resilience in adulthood and later life

Flow: Meaning and Definition, Characteristics, Concepts of Flow, Measurements and Application.

Mindfulness: Meaning and Nature, Mindfulness v/s Mindlessness, Attributes of Mindful Awareness: Non judging, Beginners mind, trust, Non-Striving, Acceptance, Let-go.

- 1. Steve Baumgardner (2015) Positive Psychology, 1st edn, Pearson publication.
- 2. Csikszentmihalyi, M (2015), Flow and the Foundations of Positive Psychology. USA: Springer.

EMPLOYABILITY SKILLS

BASPYE 04

24hrs (2hrs/week)

Objectives:

- To make the students well acquainted with employability skills how it translate into real life and also practice, develop and use these employability skills.
- To identify the current skills already possessed by students and hone those skills and to assist students in those areas where there is scope for improvement.

Unit 1: Introduction to employability

12 hrs

Introduction: Employability; Employability skills; Employability skills training; Important skills that employers are looking for –communication (Listening and Understanding; Speaking clearly and directly), teamwork, problem solving, initiative and enterprise, planning and organizing, self-management, learning, technology; Employability tips

Unit 2: Job search Skills

12 hrs

Job search skills: Employment news; Job search sites –effective use, using caution when seeking employment online; Internships and Placements; Building Networks –acquaintances, contacts, maintaining network overtime, professional networking sites; Employment calendar –not missing anything important and keeping up with deadlines

Job applications; Writing impressive looking resume; Facing interviews successfully; Group discussion skills; Presentation skills; Gestures and body language

- 1. Berry and Lilly, M. (1998) *Psychology at Work: An Introduction to Organizational and Industrial Psychology*; New York, McGraw International.
- 2. W.L .French et.al (2006) Organizational development and transformation: New Delhi; Mc Graw hill Inc.
- **3.** Pareek Udai (2002) Training instruments in HRD and OD: New Delhi; Tata Mc Graw Hill Inc.