

## Third Semester

Open Elective (II) Paper No:

HSE. 505

### India's Struggle for Freedom 1857 – 1947

Learning Objectives:

1. To know the process of the founding of the British empire and the first war of Indian Independence.
2. To know the origins of 'Indian Renaissance' in the 19<sup>th</sup> century.
3. To understand the impact of the social awakening in India and social reforms.
4. To know the origins of nationalism, the process of liberation struggle and India's independence.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing the paper, students will come to know the following

1. Understand the emergence of British rule and its process and resistance to it.
2. Understand the Indian Renaissance and social reforms and change.
3. Understand the origins, growth and ideologies of Indian nationalism.
4. Understand the various phases of freedom struggle, its leaders and ideology and legacy.

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1. Foundation of the British Empire: the Imperial ideology –the 'First War of Indian Independence, 1857' –Re-conquest and reorganization - the impact of the 1857 event.
2. 19<sup>th</sup> Century Socio-religious reforms-Rajaram Mohan Roy and Brahmo Samaj- Dayananda Saraswathi and Arya Samaj- Swami Vivekananda and Cultural nationalism.
3. Foundation of the Indian National Congress: the Moderate Phase –Dadabai Naoroji and Economic Nationalism – Partition of Bengal – Tilak and the rise of Extremism - the Swadeshi Movement – the Home Rule Movement.
4. The Age of Gandhian Politics: Khilafat and Non- Cooperation Movement – Civil Disobedience Movement – Bhagat Singh and Revolutionary Movement – Gandhi-Ambedkar Debates the Act of 1935 – Congress Ministries-Non-Brahmin and Dalit protests – Communalism and Nationalism.
5. Freedom with Partition: World War II and Indian nationalism – Quit India Movement – circumstances leading to Partition and Independence - the legacy of Indian Nationalism.

## Reading list:

C.H. Philips, *Historians of India, Pakistan and Ceylon*, (Oxford, 1961).

O.P. Kejariwal, *The Asiatic Society of India and the Discovery of India's Past 1784-1838*, (Oxford, 1988).

John Keay, *India Discovered*, (Rupa, 1989).

Thomas R. Trantmann, *Aryans and British India*, (Vistaar Sage, 1996).

David Kopf, *British Orientalism and the Indian Renaissance, 1773-1835*, (California, 1969).

Kenneth Jones, *Socio-Religious Reform Movements in British India*, (Cambridge India, 1994).

Arabinda Poddar, *Renaissance in Bengal Quests and Confrontations*, (Simla, Indian Institute of Advanced Studies, 1970).

K.N. Panikkar, *Culture, Ideology, Hegemony: Intellectuals and Social Consciousness in Colonial India*, (Tulika, New Delhi, 1995).

Sumit Sarkar, *A Critique of Colonial India*, (Papyrus, Calcutta, 1985).

Sumit Sarkar, *Modern India (1885-1947)*, (MacMillan, 1996).

Sumit Sarkar, *Writing Social History*, (Oxford India, 1998).

Bipan Chandra, et.al., *India's Struggle for Independence*, (Penguin India, 1989).

Bipan Chandra, *The Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in India*, (People's Publishing House, New Delhi, 1982).

Bipan Chandra, *Nationalism and Colonialism in Modern India*, (Orient Longman, New Delhi, 1979).

Bipan Chandra, *Communalism in Modern India*, Vani Educational Books – Vikas, New Delhi, 1984.

R.C. Majumdar, *British Paramountcy and the Indian Renaissance*, Pts. I & II. (Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan)

R.C. Majumdar, *Struggle for Freedom*, (Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan)

A.R. Desai, *Social Background of Indian Nationalism*, (Popular Prakashan Bombay, 1959).

A.R. Desai, (ed) *Peasant Struggles in India*, (Oxford, 1979).

S. Wolpert, *Tilak and Gokhale*, (California 1962. Also Oxford India, 1990).

Peter Hardy, *The Muslims of British India*, (Cambridge University Press, 1998).

Aijas Ahmad, *Lineages of the Present*, Tulika Publications.

Eugene Irschik, *Politics and Social Conflict in South India: Non-Brahmin Movement and Tamil Separations (1916-29)*, (California, 1959. Also Oxford).

Gail Omvedt, *Cultural Revolt in a Colonial Society: The Non-Brahman Movement in Western India (1873-1930)*, (Bombay, 1976).

Ranjit Guha, *Elementary Aspects of Peasant Insurgency in India*, (Oxford, 1982).

*Subaltern Studies*, Vols. I to XII

Janaki Nair, Miller and Miners, Oxford University Press, New Delhi

G. Alosius, *Nationalism Without A Nation in India*, Oxford University, New Delhi, 1999

Partha Chatterjee, *Wages of Freedom*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1998

Sekhar Bandyopadhyay, *From Plassey to Partition – A History of Modern India*, New Delhi, 2004.

Sekhar Bandyopadhyay, (ed.), *Nationalist Movement in India*, New Delhi, 2009.

Mushirul Hassan (ed.), *India's Partition*, New Delhi, 1996.

Anita Inder Singh, *The origins of Partition of India, 1936 – 1947*, New Delhi, 1987.

S.N. Sen, *Eighteen Fifty Seven*, New Delhi, 1957.

Ayesha Jalal, *The Sole Spokesman : Jinnah, the Muslim League and the Demand for Pakistan*, Cambridge, 1985.

Jaswant Singh, *Jinnah, India, Partition, Independence*, New Delhi, 2009.

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