LSS456: ACADEMIC LIBRARY SYSTEM

Objectives:

- To encourage life-long learning among students to make them more knowledgeable in academic library system;
- To understand the concept, importance, functions, services and different types of academic libraries;
- To know the background of development of higher education in India;
- To acquaintance with different academic library network and consortia;
- To understand the collection development policy and technical processing;
- To provide an understanding of need, and different types of library and information service support to academic libraries;
- To study about the library finance, budgeting and infrastructure.

Course Outcome (CO):

- CO1 Define the basic objectives of academic libraries;
 CO2 Identify the differences in school, college and university libraries;
 CO3 Explain the services and extension activities of academic libraries;
 CO4 Understanding the historical development of higher education in India;
 CO5 Awareness of different types of networks and consortia available at both national and international level;
 CO6 Able to understand the collection development policy including technical processing;
- CO 7 Gain the knowledge of library finance and infrastructure.

Unit 1	:	Academic Libraries:	08hrs
		 Meaning, definition, importance, functions, services and types of academic libraries; Users of academic libraries: types of users and their needs. 	
Unit 2	:	Higher Education and Libraries:	06hrs
		 History and development of higher education in India; Role of UGC in the development of higher education; Monitoring / accreditation agencies in India - NAAC, NBA; Role of knowledge commission in higher education. 	
Unit 3	:	Networking and Resource Sharing in Academic Libraries:	12hrs
		 Resource Sharing: Meaning, definitions, objectives, advantages, and disadvantages. Library Networks: Meaning, definitions, the study of various library and information networks – national: INFLIBNET, DELNET; international – CALIS, JANET, OCLC. 	

		-Library Consortia:	
		 Meaning, definitions, objectives, types, study of various library consortia national: FORSA, NKRC, HELINET, CeRA, ICMR, SPACENET, e-ShodhSindhu and international: RLUK, ICOLC, EIFL, SANLIC, CONCERT, CARLI, etc. Study of academic library networks: OCLC, INFLIBNET, DELNET. 	
Unit 4	:	Collection Development in Academic Libraries:	06hrs
		 Types and character of academic library collection; Acquisition of documents: selection, policy, and procedures, maintenance; User participation in collection development. Information technology impact. Problems of collection development. 	
Unit 5	:	Library and Information Services in Academic Libraries:	10hrs
		 Reference service; Referral service; Current awareness service; Selective dissemination information service; Abstracting and indexing services; Document delivery services; Translation services; Online services: Alerting services - Listservs and FAQ; Extension activities. 	
Unit 6		Library Finance and Infrastructure:	06hrs
		 Academic library finance and budgeting; Human resource management; Library buildings and equipments. 	
		Total	48hrs

References:

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Bhatta, R.K. (1995). History and development of libraries in India, New Delhi: Mittal.

Brophy, P. (2005). The academic library. 2nd rev. ed. London: Facet publishing.

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Cohen, L. B. (2008). Library 2.0 initiatives in academic libraries. Chicago: ALA.