Third Semester

Paper No HSH. 503

(Hard Core)

THE CONTEMPORARY WORLD

Learning Objectives:

- 1. To understand the meaning of modern history and contemporary history, and the need for study of the contemporary period.
- 2. To understand the nature of the world that emerged after the World War II.
- 3. To know the changes that took place in the progress of human civilization in the contemporary period due to various factors.
- 4. To know the need for peaceful co-existence in a globalized world.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing the paper, students will come to know the following

- 1. Understand the nature of contemporary history and the need for its study.
- 2. Understand lessons that the mankind learnt from the developments that took place in the modern world.
- 3. Understand the need to preserve peace and cooperation among the nations for facing the current global challenges.



Unit II: Cold War: Origins - Evolution and Implications –Détente and its impact – Arms Control and Disarmament – Towards a nuclear free World - Fall of the Soviet System and its impact – End of the Cold War

Unit III: Afro – Asian Resurgence – South Africa and fight against apartheid - Non-alignment and self assertion of the Third World - West Asian Politics and the Palestine Question.

Unit IV: Problems of ethnic nationalisms – East European Experiences – Terrorism, its various facets and global response – Ecological Movements – International Trade Agreements – Regional associations.

Unit V: U.N. and the World – Question of UN reforms – Human rights in the developing World – Recent developments in World Politics - The Covid-19 and the World.

Reading List:

C. Claphan, (ed), Foreign Policy Making in Developing States. Charles A. Jones, The North-South Dialogue: A Brief History. K.P. Sanvant, The Group of 77. Thomas C. Shelling, Arms and Influence. Stephen King Hall, Defence in the Nuclear Age. P.K. Ghosh, Disarmament and Development. Adam Roberts & Benedict Kingsbury (ed), United Nations Divided World: The UN's role in International Relations. M.N. Singer, Weak States in a World of Powers. P. Worsley, The Third World. Kanti P. Desai, The Origins of Association in South Asia: SAARC 1979-1989. Urmila Phadnis, Ethnicity and Nation -building in South Asia. L. Acimovic, (ed), Non-alignment in the World Today. Rikhi Jaipal, Non-alignment; Origins, Growth and Potential for World Peace. H. Morgenthau, Politics among nations ; the Struggle for Power and Peace. Raymand Aron, Peace and War : A Theory of International Relations. E.H. Carr, The Twenty Years Crisis. 1919-1939. John H.Herz, International Politics in the Atomic Age. James Mayall, Nationalism and International Society.

