

BSCCSCN 201

Second Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, September 2022 (NEP – 2020) (2021 – 22 Batch Onwards) COMPUTER SCIENCE – 2 Data Structures Using C (DSCC)

Time : 2 Hours

Max. Marks : 60

(6×2=12)

Note : Answer **any six** questions from Part – **A** and **one full** question from **each** Unit of Part – **B**.

PART – A

1. a) What is a recursion ?

- b) What is sparse matrix ? Give example.
- c) Give two advantages of linked list over arrays.
- d) What is two-way list ? Write the use of it.
- e) Mention the applications of a queue.
- f) What is meant by priority queue ? What is its use ?
- g) Define complete binary tree. Give an example.
- h) Mention the application of graphs.

PART – B

Unit – I

- 2. a) Write an algorithm to sort a list of numbers using quick sort.
 - b) Write the recursive algorithm to find the GCD of a number. (6+6)
- 3. a) Trace the following list of numbers using bubble sort.6, 20, 14, 16, 22, 10, 89
 - b) Explain any four operations performed by data structure.
 - c) Explain linear and non-linear data structures with examples. (5+4+3)

P.T.O.

(4+4+4)

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Unit – II

- 4. a) Draw the different types of linked lists with diagram.
 - b) Write an algorithm for insert a node in between in doubly linked list.
 - c) Explain linear search with an example.
- 5. a) Write an algorithm to insert a node at end of singly linked list.
 - b) Explain any two dynamic memory handling functions in C.
 - c) How do you represent a polynomial using a linked list ? Explain with an example. (5+4+3)

Unit – III

- 6. a) How do you represent linked queue ? Write algorithms for insert and delete operations.
 - b) Write an algorithm to convert infix to postfix expression. (6+6)
- 7. a) Write an algorithm to PUSH and POP elements from a stack using arrays.
 - b) Convert following infix expression to postfix.
 - i) (A + B) * (C ^ D)/E + F)
 - ii) A + (B * C/D)* E

Unit – IV

- a) Draw the binary tree for the following inorder and preorder traversal.
 Inorder : C B D A I F E G H
 Preorder : A B C D E F I G H
 - b) Explain the two possible ways by which the graph can be represented. (6+6)
- 9. a) Explain breadth first search algorithm.
 - b) Define the following with respect to tree.
 - i) node
 - ii) siblings
 - iii) degree of a tree
 - iv) edge.

(6+6)

(6+6)