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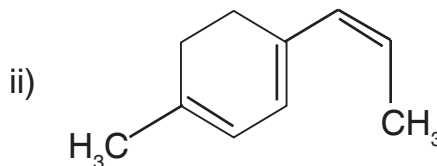
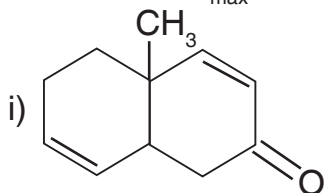
CHS/ACS/OCS/CAS 454

**II Semester M.Sc. Degree Examination, Sept./Oct. 2022
(Freshers and Repeaters) (CBCS – 2016-17 Syllabus)
CHEMISTRY/APPLIED CHEMISTRY/ORGANIC CHEMISTRY/
ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY
Organic Spectroscopic Techniques**

Time : 3 Hours

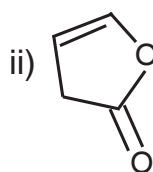
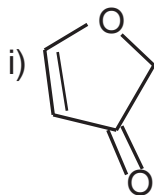
Max. Marks : 70

Instructions : 1) Answer Part – **A** and **any four full** questions from Part – **B**.
2) Figures to the **right** indicate marks.

PART – A1. Answer **all** the following sub-divisions :**(9×2=18)**a) Calculate the λ_{\max} for the following compounds :

b) Benzene is colourless while nitrobenzene is pale yellow and p-nitroaniline is dark yellow. Justify.

c) How will you distinguish between the following compounds using IR spectra ?



d) What is multiplet skewing ? Give its importance.

e) “Even when CDCl_3 is used as a solvent, there appears a peak at 7.26 ppm in NMR spectra.” Comment on this.

f) What are the advantages of FT-NMR over CW NMR Instrument.

g) What are the factors affecting the fragmentation in Mass spectra ?

h) What is McLafferty rearrangement ? Give an example.

i) Distinguish between ‘molecular ion peak’ and ‘base peak’ with a suitable example.

P.T.O.

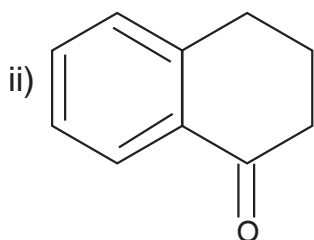
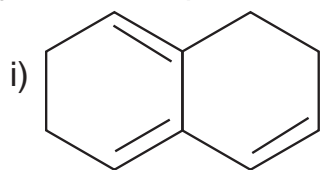


PART – B

Answer **any four full** questions :

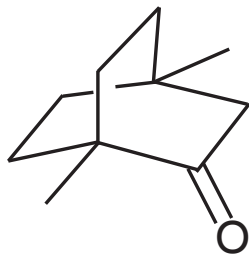
(4×13=52)

2. a) Discuss the factors which affect the positions of UV bands.
 b) What is finger print region in IR spectra ? Explain its use in structural elucidation of organic compounds.
 c) Explain Woodward-Fieser rules for predicting λ_{\max} of α, β -unsaturated systems and predict the λ_{\max} for the following :



(4+3+6=13)

3. a) Discuss the effect of hydrogen bonding and solvents on IR frequencies.
 b) How do you confirm the following conversion using FTIR :
 1 – (4-hydroxyphenyl) ethanone \rightarrow 4-hydroxyphenyl acetate.
 c) With suitable examples, discuss the effect of various substitutions on the vibrational frequencies of carbonyl group. **(4+4+5=13)**
4. a) Discuss the applications of NOE with suitable examples.
 b) Draw the $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (spin multiplicities) and $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ spectra of :

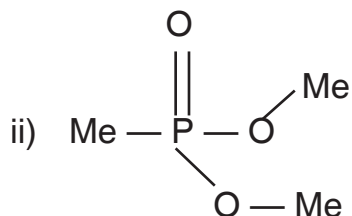
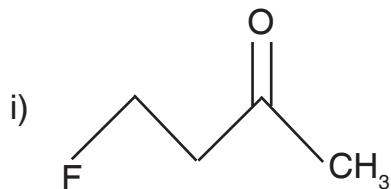


- c) Discuss the magnetic anisotropic effect in molecules containing π -bonds.

(4+5+4=13)



5. a) Sketch and explain the $^1\text{H-NMR}$ and $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$ spectra for the following molecules :



- b) Write a note on the following :

- i) Karplus curve.
- ii) Spin decoupling technique.

(7+6=13)

6. a) Discuss the fragmentation modes for the following with suitable examples :

- i) Esters
- ii) Phenols.

- b) How will you distinguish 1° , 2° and 3° alcohols on the basis of mass spectrometry ?

- c) Write a note on HRMS analysis.

(6+3+4=13)

7. a) Discuss the following ionization methods :

- i) Fast atom bombardment ionization.
- ii) Chemical ionization.

- b) What is meta stable ion ? Discuss its formation in toluene.

- c) Elucidate the possible structure of the compound based on following data :

Mol. Formula : $\text{C}_5\text{H}_9\text{BrO}$

$^1\text{H-NMR}$: δ 1.17(d, 6H), 3.02(m, 1H), 4.10 (s,2H)

$^{13}\text{C-NMR}$: δ 17, 37, 39, 210

Mass : m/z 166 (M+2)

(6+3+4=13)